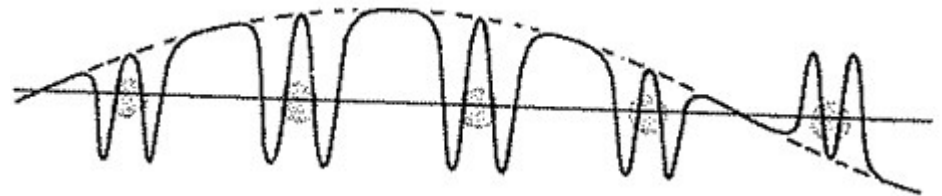


Теорема Блоха

$$H\psi = \left(-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 + U(\mathbf{r}) \right) \psi = \mathcal{E}\psi \quad U(\mathbf{r} + \mathbf{R}) = U(\mathbf{r})$$

$$\psi(\mathbf{r}) = e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{r}} u(\mathbf{r})$$



$$\psi_{n\mathbf{k}} = e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{r}} u_{n\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{r}) \quad \text{де} \quad u_{n\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{r} + \mathbf{R}) = u_{n\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{r})$$

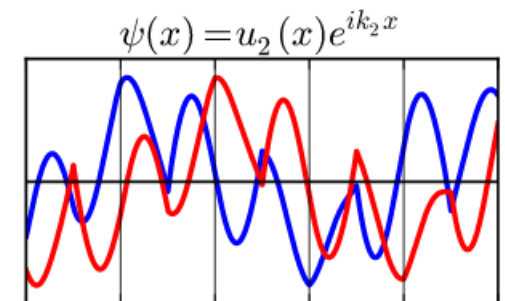
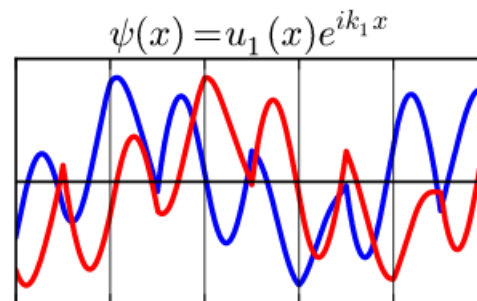
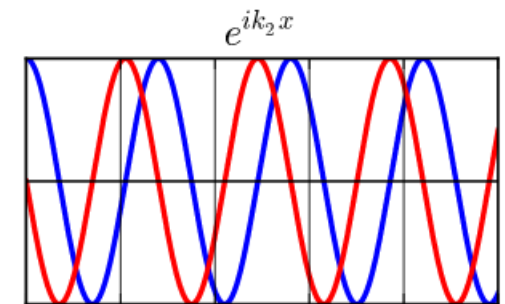
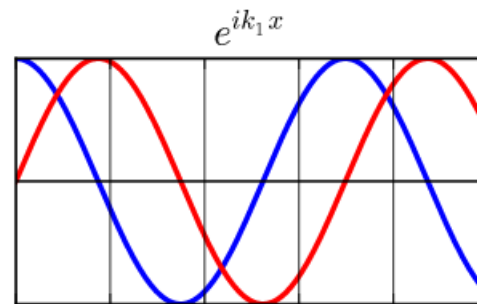
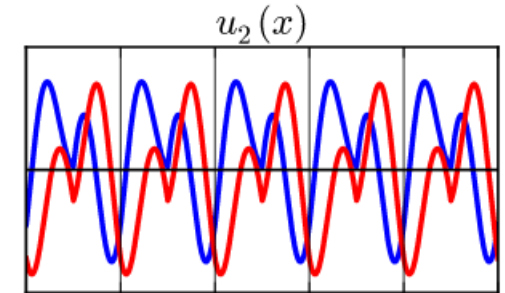
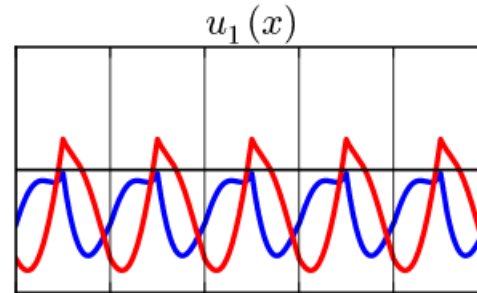
$$\psi(\mathbf{r} + \mathbf{R}) = e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \psi(\mathbf{r})$$

Теорема Блоха

$$\psi(\mathbf{r}) = e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{r}} u(\mathbf{r})$$

$$\psi_{n, \mathbf{k}+\mathbf{K}}(\mathbf{r}) = \psi_{n\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{r})$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{n, \mathbf{k}+\mathbf{K}} = \mathcal{E}_{n\mathbf{k}}$$



$$\mathbf{v}_n(\mathbf{k}) = \frac{1}{\hbar} \nabla_{\mathbf{k}} \mathcal{E}_n(\mathbf{k})$$

Обернена ґратка

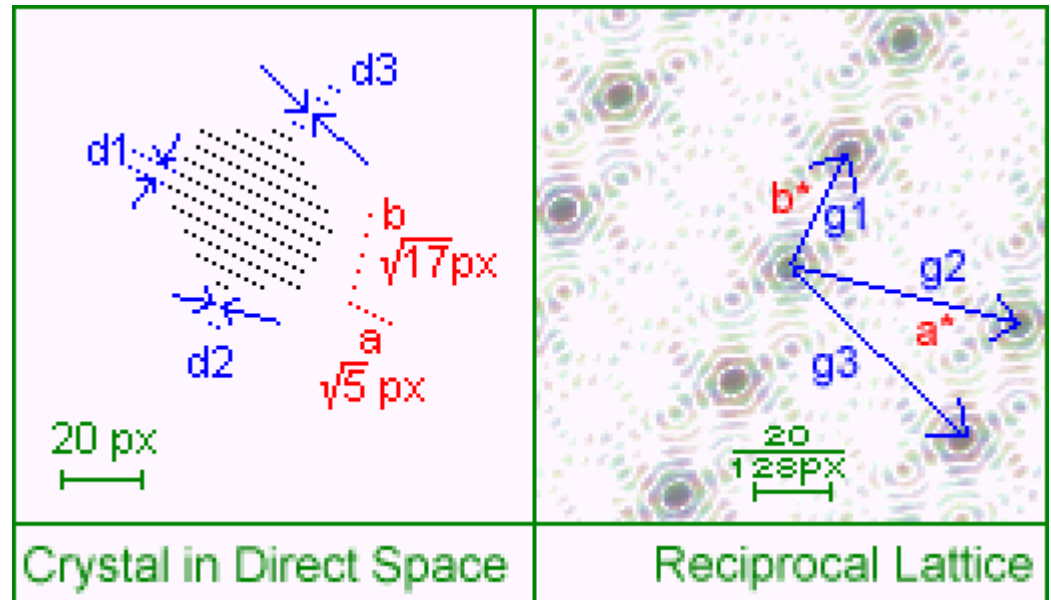
$$e^{iK(r+R)} = e^{iKr} \quad \rightarrow \quad e^{iKR} = 1$$

$$\mathbf{b}_1 = 2\pi \frac{\mathbf{a}_2 \times \mathbf{a}_3}{\mathbf{a}_1 \cdot (\mathbf{a}_2 \times \mathbf{a}_3)}$$

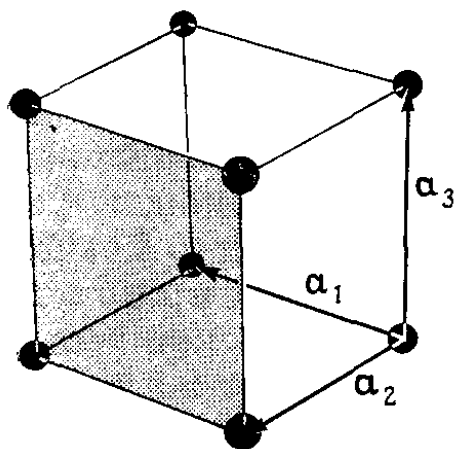
$$\mathbf{b}_2 = 2\pi \frac{\mathbf{a}_3 \times \mathbf{a}_1}{\mathbf{a}_2 \cdot (\mathbf{a}_3 \times \mathbf{a}_1)}$$

$$\mathbf{b}_3 = 2\pi \frac{\mathbf{a}_1 \times \mathbf{a}_2}{\mathbf{a}_3 \cdot (\mathbf{a}_1 \times \mathbf{a}_2)}$$

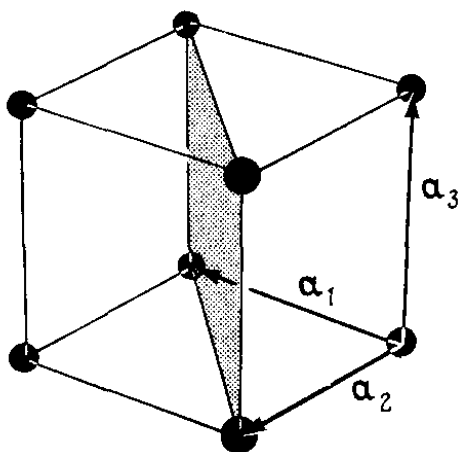
$$\mathbf{b}_i \mathbf{a}_j = 2\pi \delta_{ij}$$



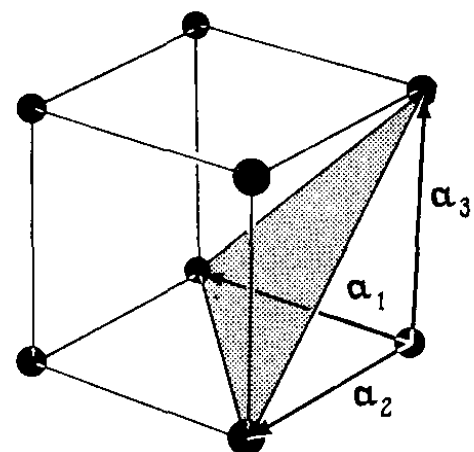
Індекси Міллера



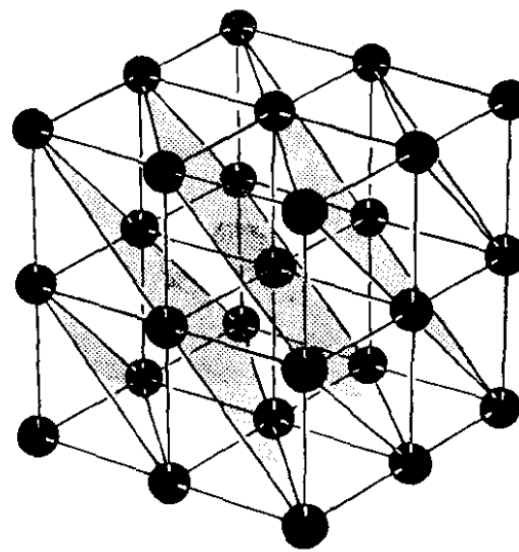
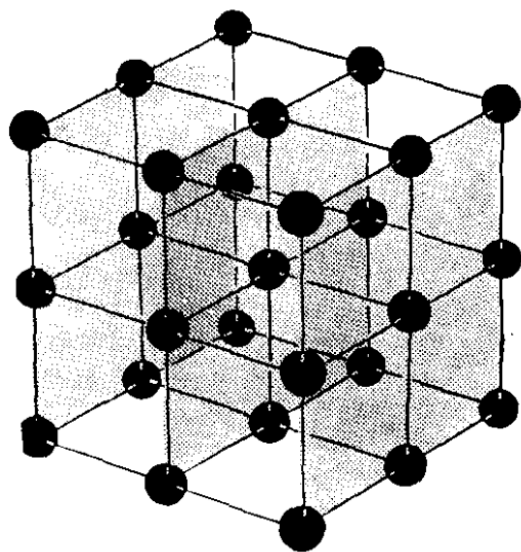
(010)



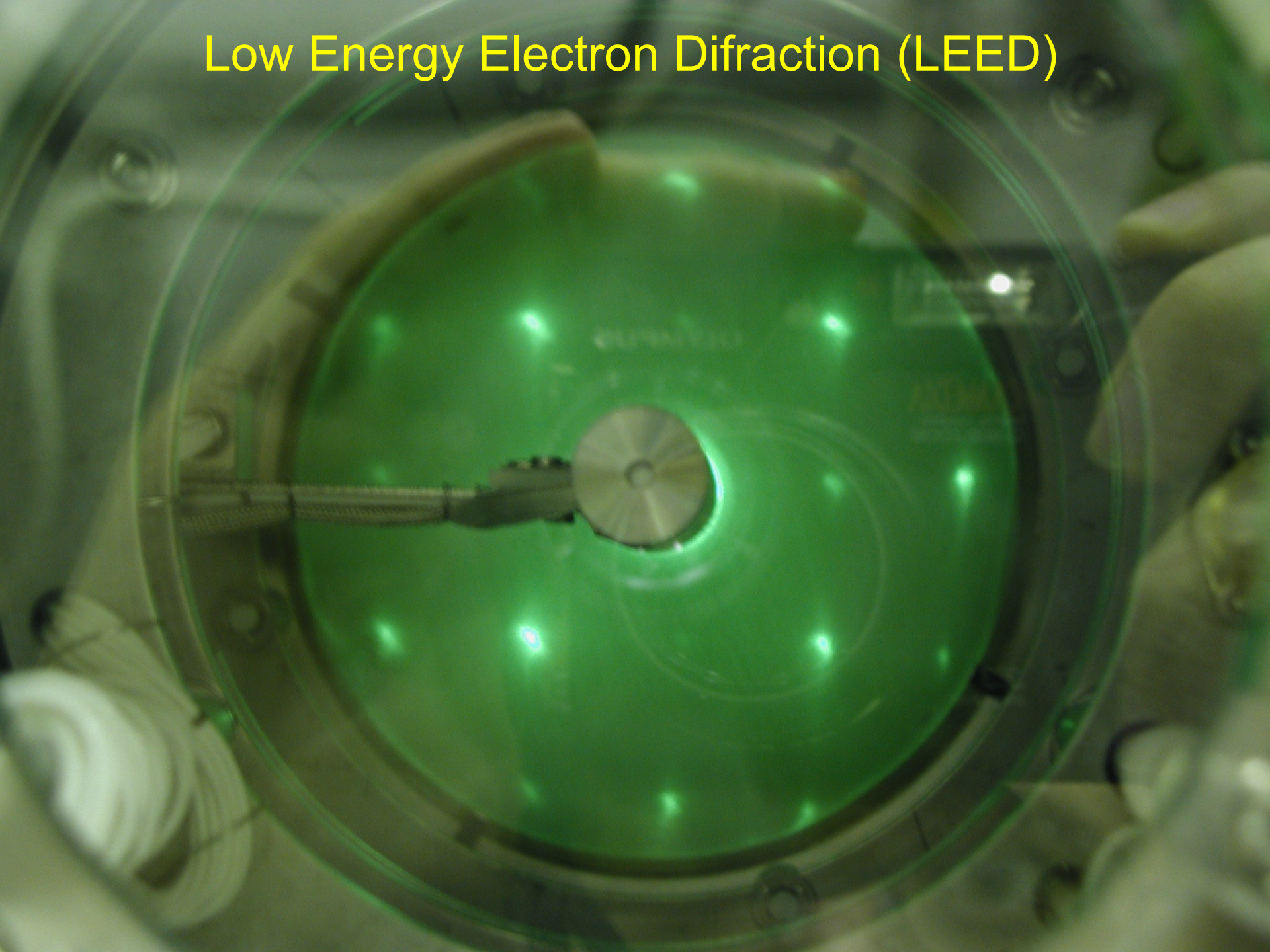
(110)



(111)



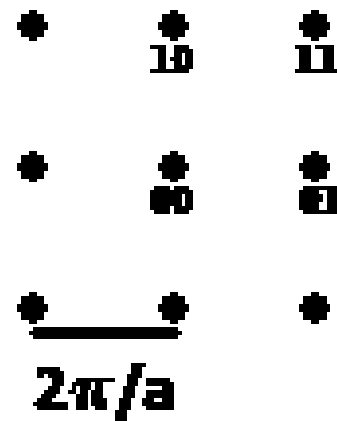
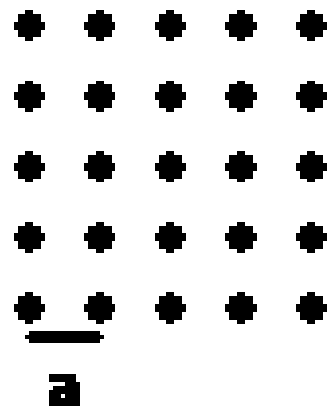
Low Energy Electron Diffraction (LEED)



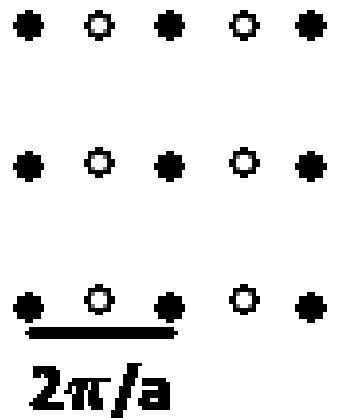
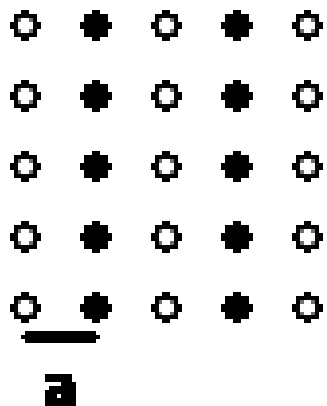
Real Space

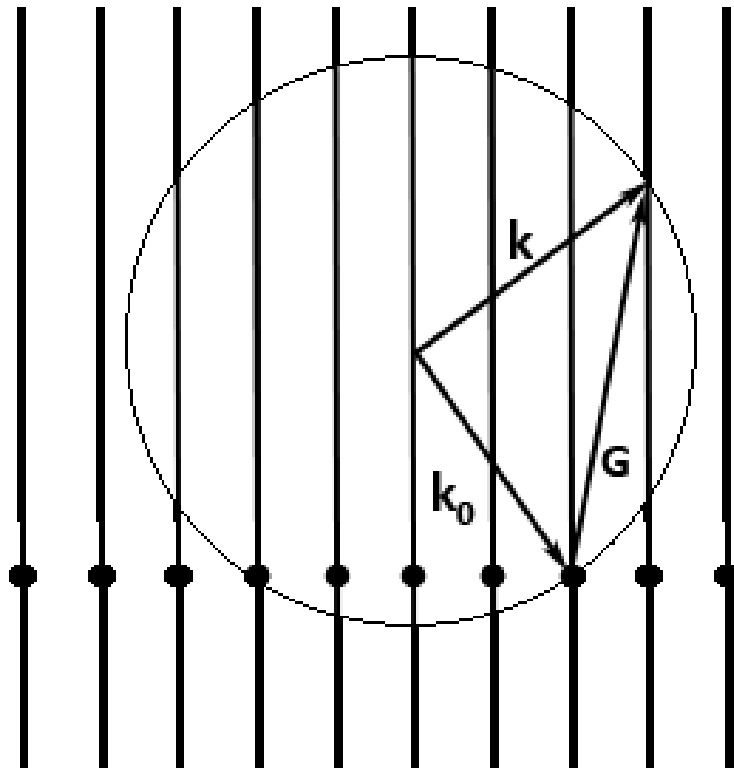
LEED Pattern

a)

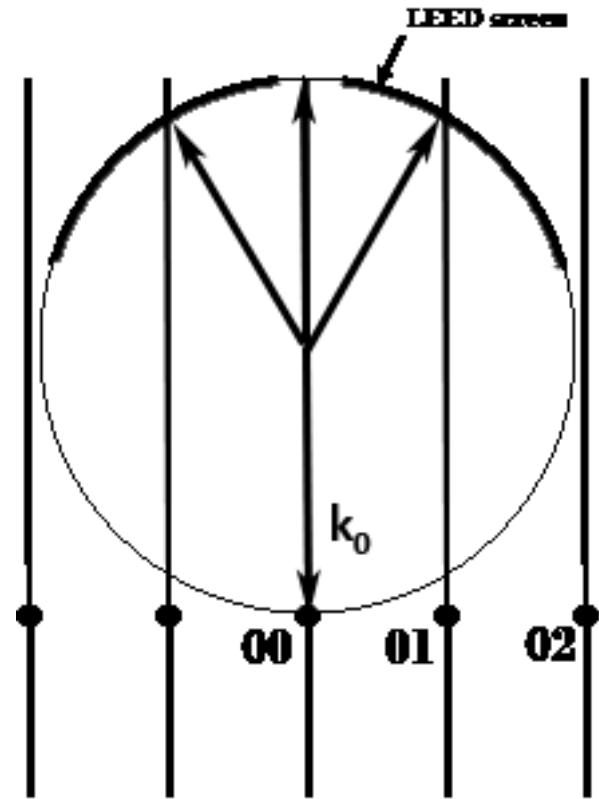


b)

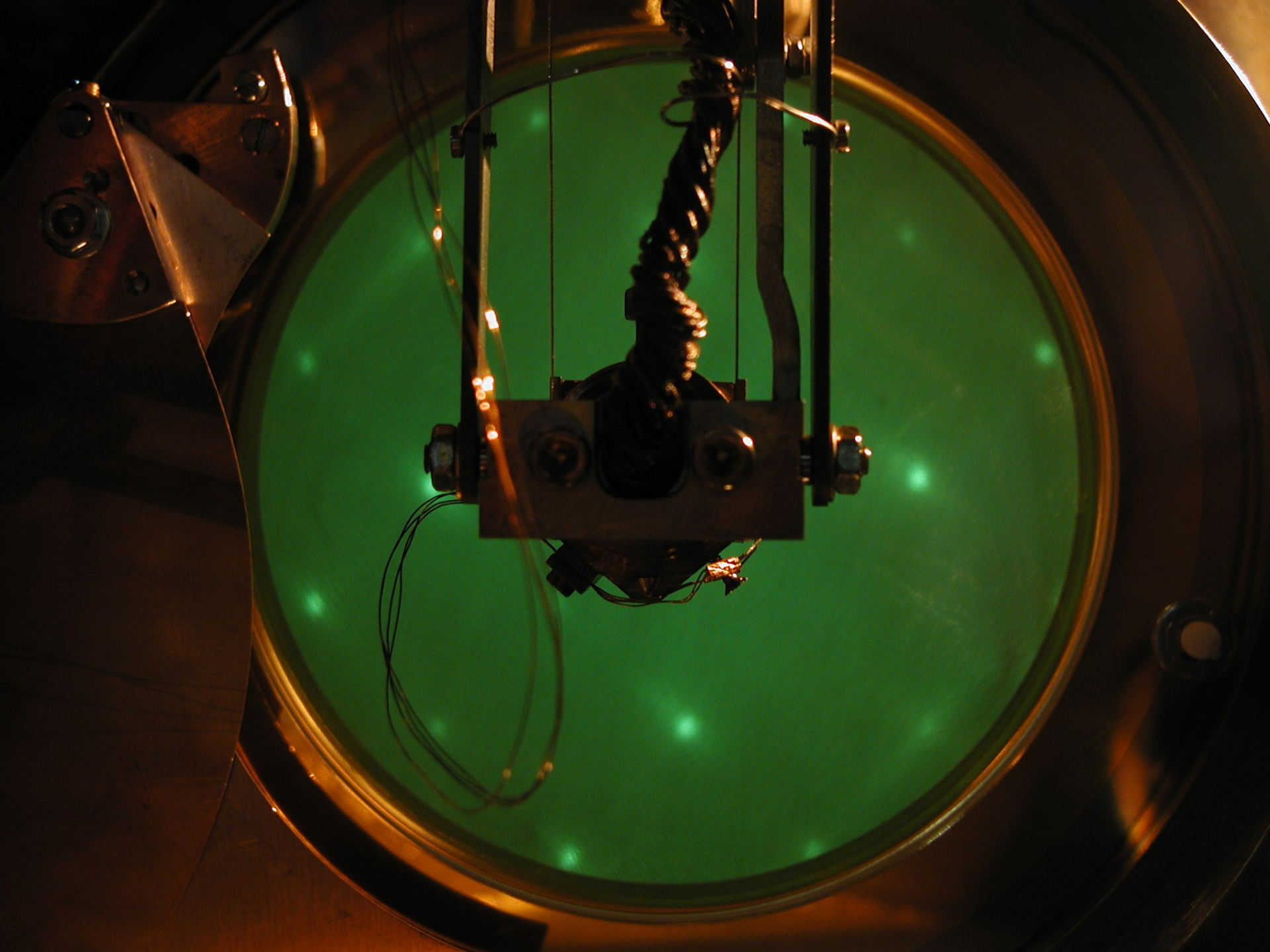


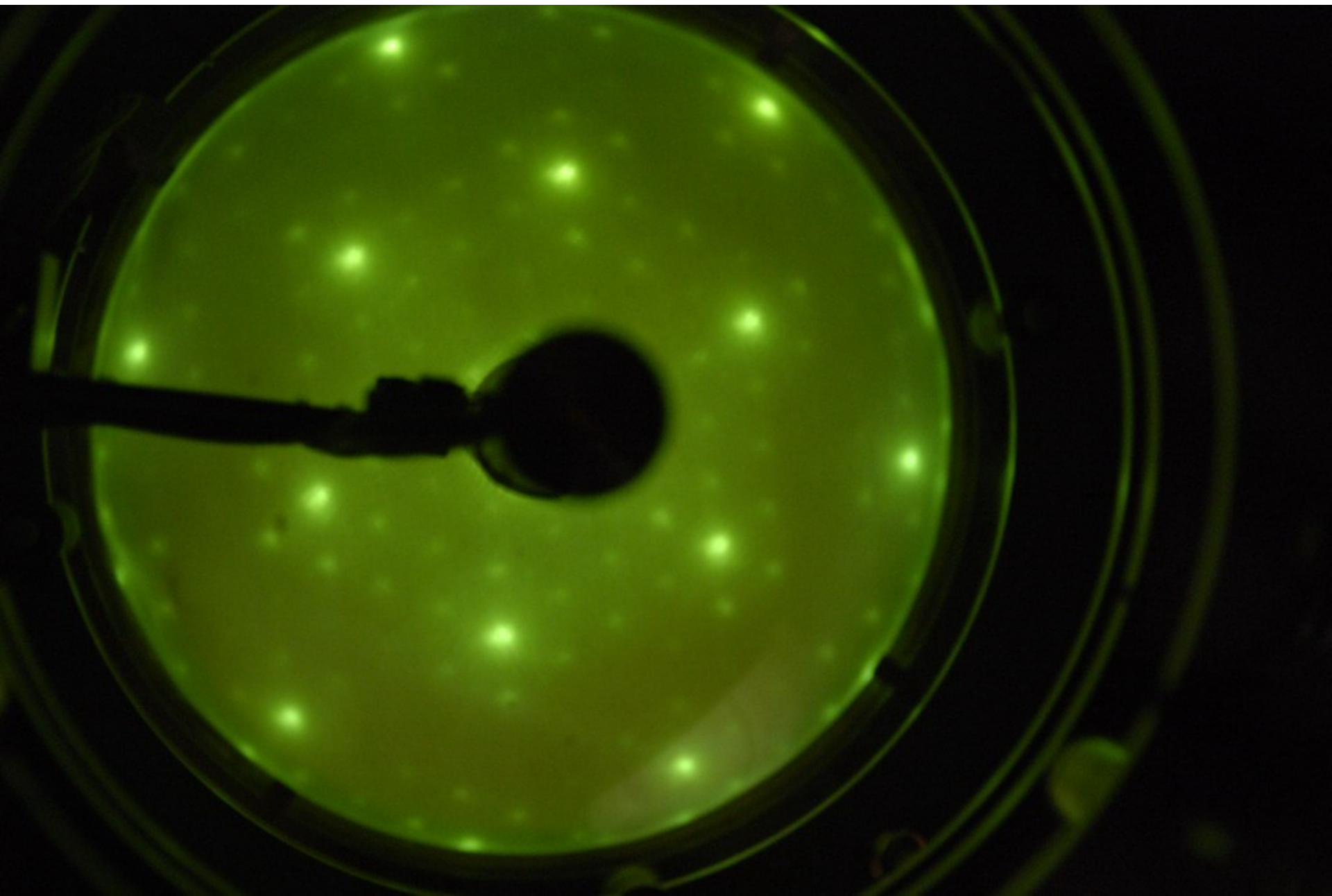


Ewald's sphere construction for the case of diffraction from a 2D-lattice. The intersections between Ewald's sphere and reciprocal lattice rods define the allowed diffracted beams.

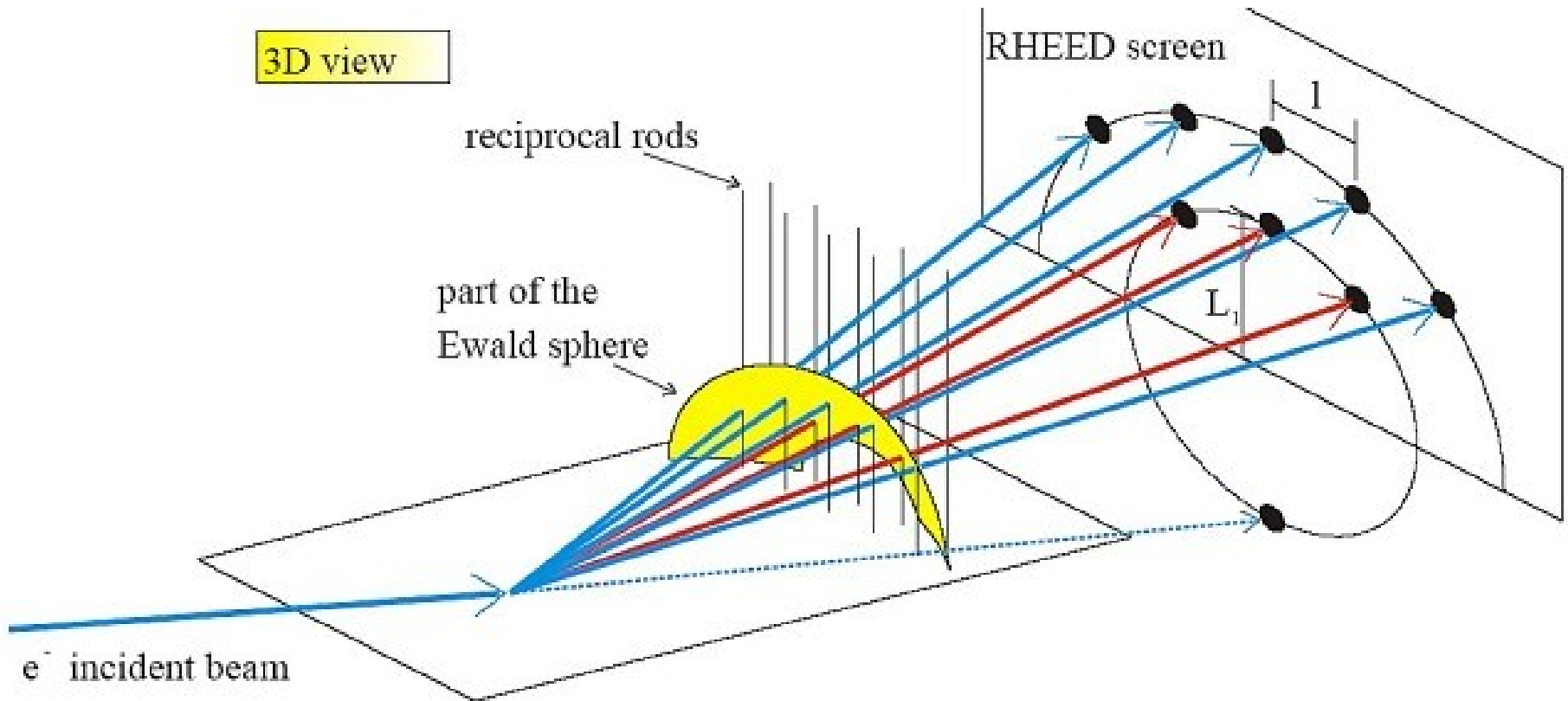


Ewald's sphere construction for the case of normal incidence of the primary electron beam. The diffracted beams are indexed according to the values of h and l .

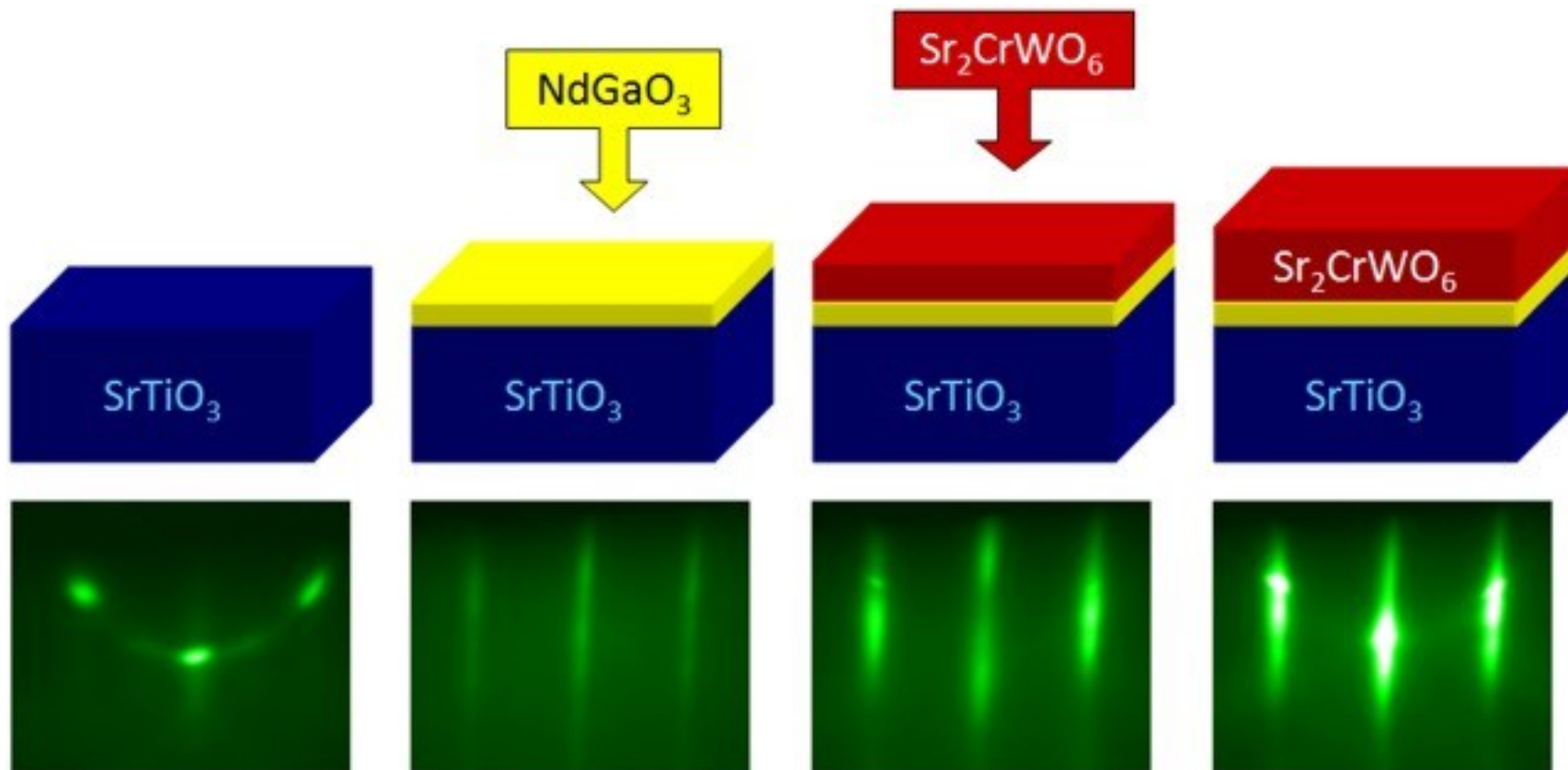




Reflection High Energy Electron Diffraction (RHEED)



Reflection High Energy Electron Diffraction (**RHEED**)



Reflection High Energy Electron Diffraction (RHEED)

